§ 7.11

- (c) By completing Form ITA-361, the insular producer may either:
- (1) Transfer its entitlement, in whole or in part, to any other party for any consideration agreed to by the insular producer and the transferee, or
- (2) Request the refund of duties to itself.
- (d) A claimant must file Form ITA-361 with Customs at the same port where the watch import entry was originally filed and duties paid. The documentation accompanying Form ITA-361 shall include a copy of the import entry, providing proof that duty was paid on the watches and watch movements.
- (e) When requesting the refund of duties on Form ITA-361, the claimant also must complete and submit to Customs the declaration on the form which reads as follows:

I declare that the information given above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief; that no notices of exportation of articles with benefit of drawback were filed upon exportation of this merchandise from the United States; that no liquidated refunds on the articles relating to the present claim have been paid; and that no protest or request for litigation for refund of duties paid and herewith claimed has been made.

- (f) A fee of 1 percent will be deducted from each refund request as reimbursement to salaries and expenses of those Customs personnel processing the request.
- (g) Form ITA-360 expires 1 year from its date of issuance. Any refund request on Form ITA-361 made by either the insular producer itself or any transferee named on Form ITA-360 must be filed within this 1-year period. This expiration date applies equally to all refund requests, whether a single request for the entire amount specified in the Form ITA-361 certificate or multiple requests for partial amounts. Refund requests will be accepted until either the amount specified in the certificate is depleted or until the certificate expires 1 year from its date of issuance.
- (h) Customs will process only those refund requests made in accordance with the joint rules of the Departments of Commerce and the Interior governing the issuance and handling of

certificates and the transfer of entitlements as contained in 15 CFR part 303.

[T.D. 84–16, 49 FR 1481, Jan. 12, 1984, as amended by T.D. 84–211, 49 FR 39044, Oct. 3, 1984; T.D. 89–1, 53 FR 51252, Dec. 21, 1988. Redesignated and amended by T.D. 97–75, 62 FR 46441, Sept. 3, 1997]

§7.11 Guantanamo Bay Naval Station.

Articles of foreign origin may enter the area (both land and water) of the Guantanamo Bay Naval Station free of duty, but such articles shall be subject to duty upon their subsequent entry into the United States.

[28 FR 14636, Dec. 31, 1963]

PART 10—ARTICLES CONDI-TIONALLY FREE, SUBJECT TO A REDUCED RATE, ETC.

ARTICLES EXPORTED AND RETURNED

Sec.

- 10.1 Domestic products; requirements on entry.
- 10.3 Drawback; internal-revenue tax.
- 10.4 Internal-revenue marks; erasure.
- 10.5 Shooks and staves; cloth boards; port director's account.
- 10.6 Shooks and staves; claim for duty exemption.
- 10.7 Substantial containers or holders.
- 10.8 Articles exported for repairs or alterations.
- 10.8a Imported articles exported and reimported.
- 10.9 Articles exported for processing.
- 10.10 [Reserved]

ARTICLES ASSEMBLED ABROAD WITH UNITED STATES COMPONENTS

- 10.11 General.
- 10.12 Definitions.
- 10.13 Statutory provision: Subheading 9802.00.80, Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (19 U.S.C. 1202).
- 10.14 Fabricated components subject to the
- exemption.

 10.15 Fabricated components not subject to
- the exemption.

 10.16 Assembly abroad.
- 10.17 Valuation of exempted components.
- 10.18 Valuation of assembled articles.
- 10.19—10.20 [Reserved]
- 10.21 Updating cost data and other information.
- 10.23 Standards, quotas, and visas.
- 10.24 Documentation.
- 10.25 Textile components cut to shape in the United States and assembled abroad.
- 10.26 Articles assembled or processed in a beneficiary country in whole of U.S.